

WP16

MMC Test Bench Demonstrator – Introduction

Demonstration of Converter & Controller
Model Validation

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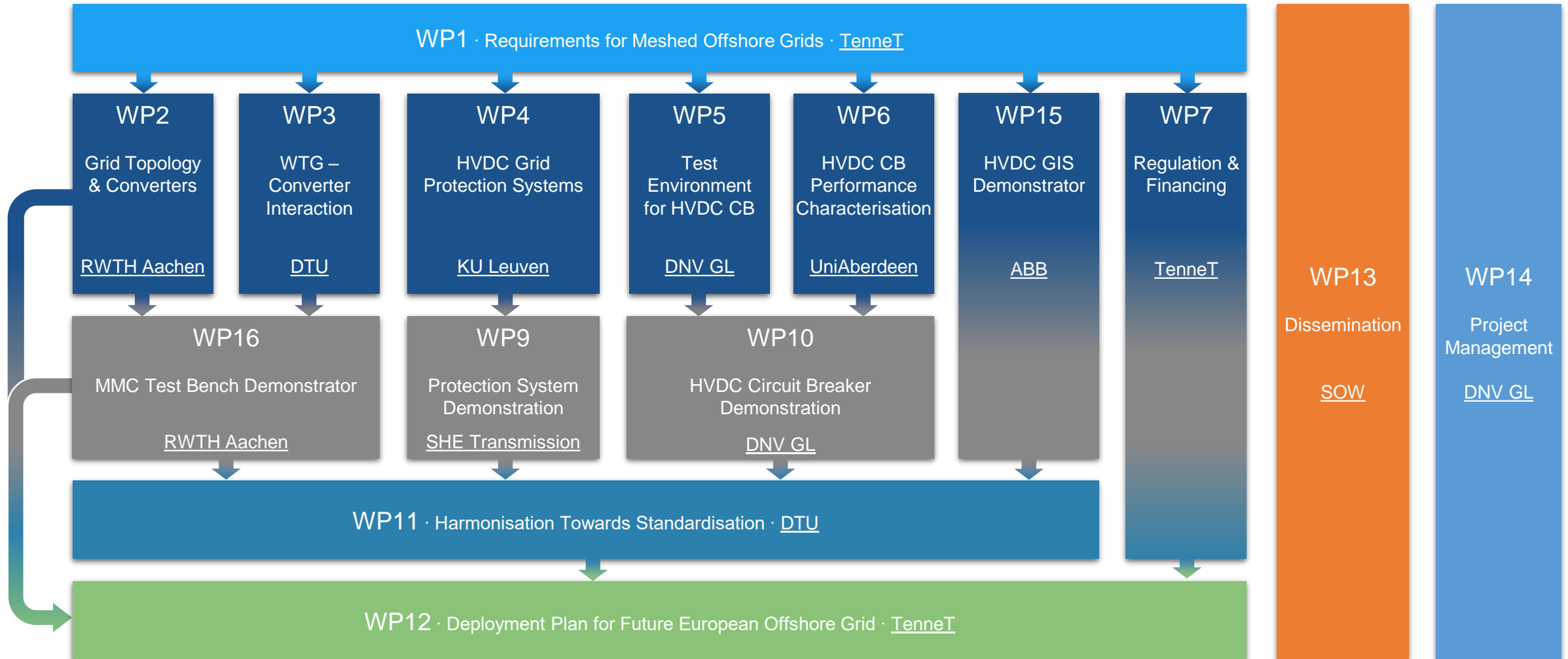


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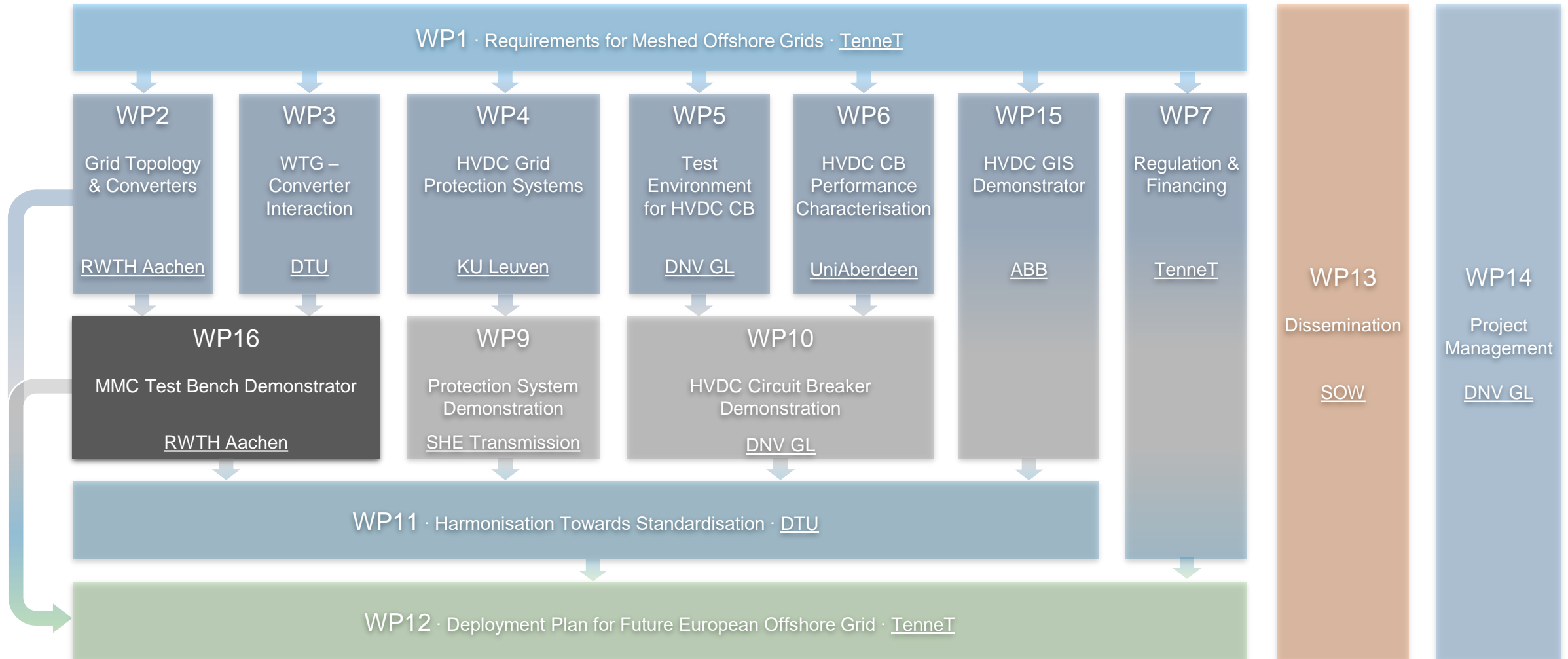
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Work Packages



Work Packages



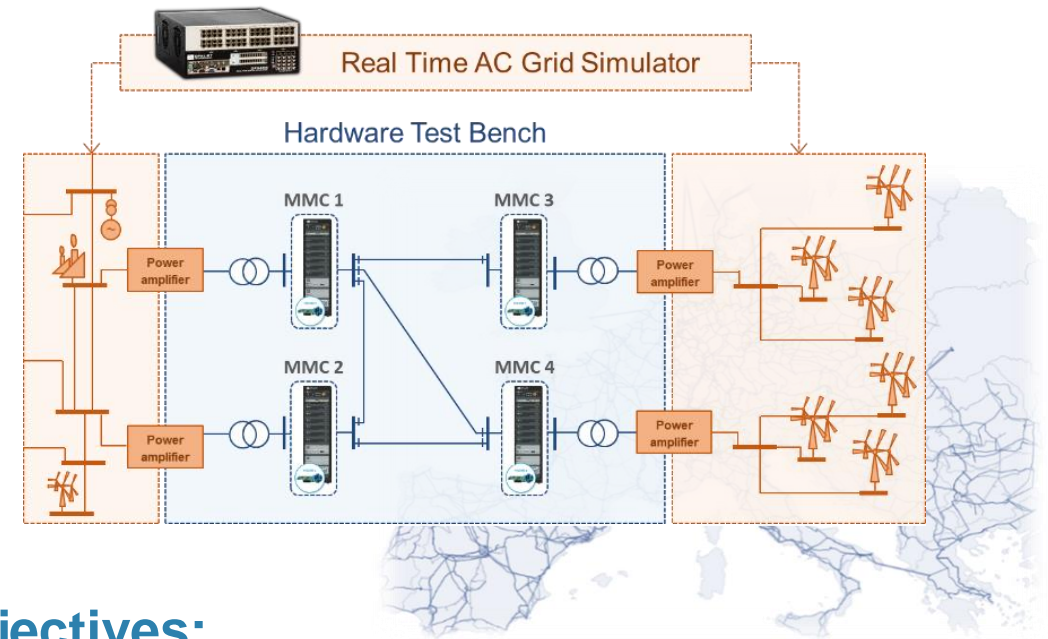
Overview and Objectives of WP16

Motivation:

- Meshed offshore DC systems lead to novel challenges for TSOs, manufacturers and grid planners
- Experience missing concerning
 - Multi-terminal operation
 - Interaction with the large AC transmission systems
 - Interaction with offshore wind farms

Work Package 16: Investigation regarding the operation and control of meshed HVDC system

- ✓ Power Hardware in the Loop (PHiL)
- ✓ Control Hardware in the Loop (CHiL)
- ✓ Real-Time Simulation (RTS)

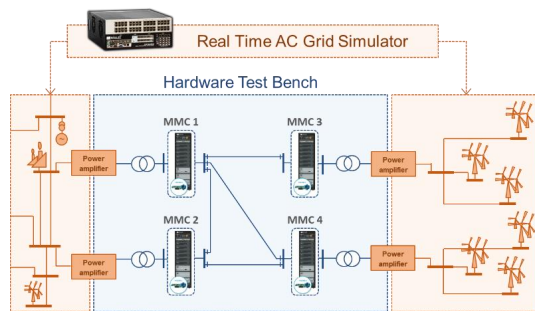


Objectives:

- Derive appropriate principles and policies to ensure interoperability between different components and technologies in meshed HVDC offshore grids
- Analysis of harmonic resonance phenomena in offshore grids (analysis of the freq. dependent impedance of MMC and WT-VSC)
- Demonstrate the operation of DRU

WP16 – Internal Structure

MTDC Test Bench - PHiL

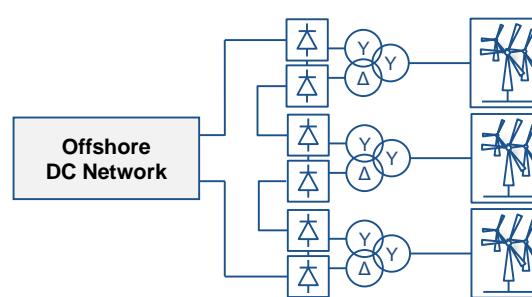


Test Cases

Demonstration of the controllability and interoperability offshore MTDC networks

- Grid & converter configurations
- Interaction MTDC network and OWP
- MTDC and OWP fault handling
- AC grid support with meshed offshore grids

DRU - WPP

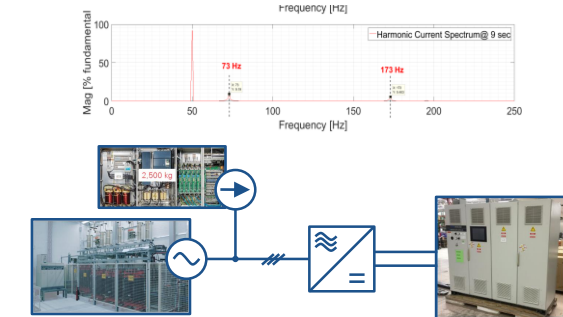


Test Cases

Demonstration of the operation of DRU-enabled wind turbine control systems

- in multi-terminal HVDC systems
- with actual wind turbine controls
- with commercial protection hardware
- black and brown start operation for wind farms in islanded control

Harmonic Resonance Studies



Test Cases

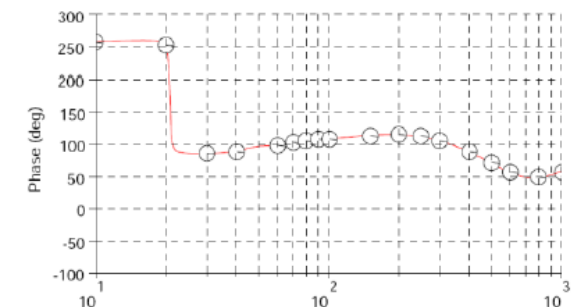
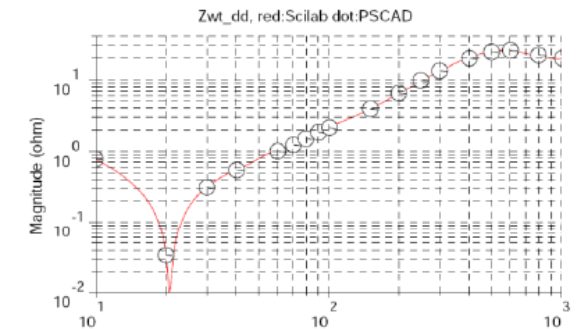
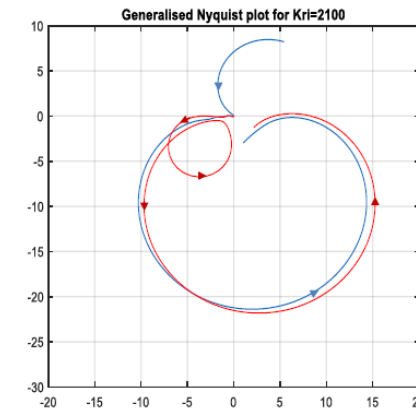
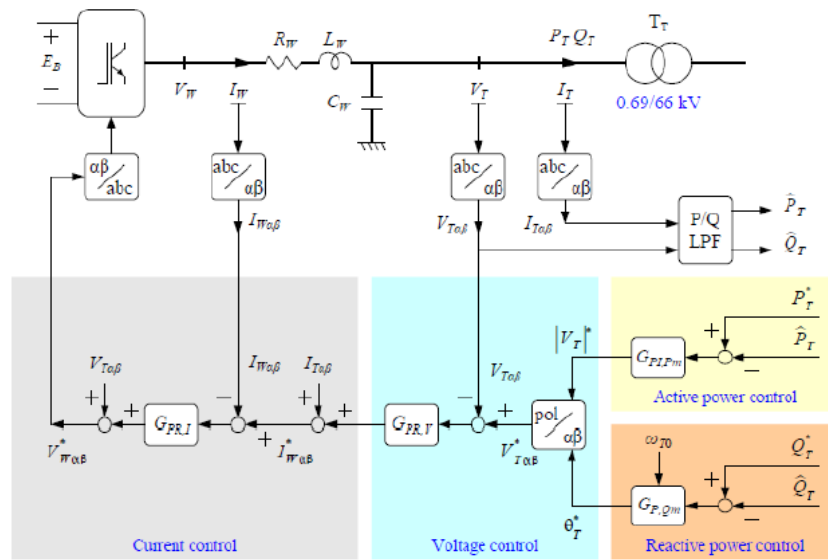
- Development and validation of impedance models of wind turbine and HVDC converters
- Analysis of harmonic stability and potential interactions of active components and the AC grid

Deliverable 16.5

Documentation of analytical approach

Implementation of an Analytical Method for Analysis of Harmonic Resonance Phenomena

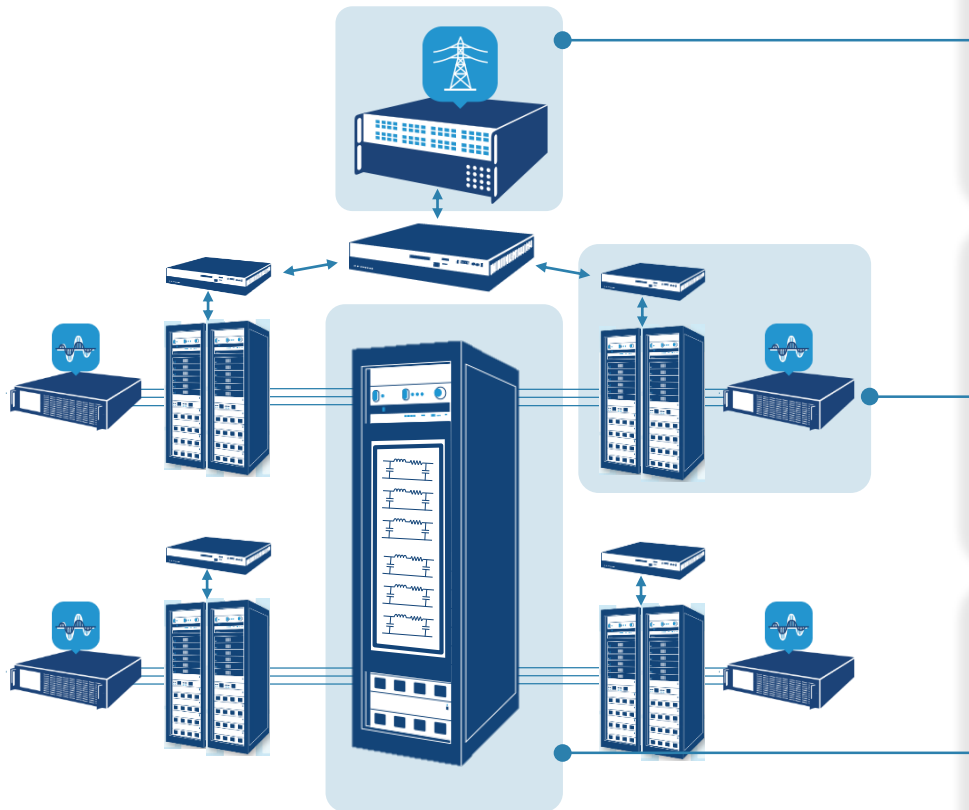
- Wind Turbine Converters
- MMC-HVDC Converters
- DRU-connected Wind Turbines



MMC Test Bench – Status Update



MMC Test Bench - Overview



AC system and component modelling



Source: www.windpoweroffshore.com

- OP5707 real-time simulator for AC grids (up to 3000 nodes) and wind farms
- OP4510 real-time simulator as DC grid controller
- 4x Puissance Plus power amplifiers (21 kVA, 4-Q operation, -3 dB at 50 kHz)

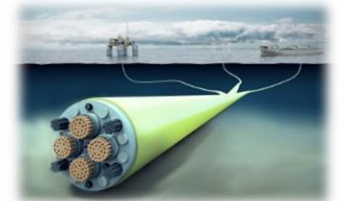
MMC converter stations



Source: ABB

- Hardware representation of Modular Multilevel Converters with half-/full-bridge submodules (10 levels per converter arm) at laboratory scale: $V_{dc,r} = 400 \text{ V}$, $I_{dc,r} = 15 \text{ A}$
- Possibility to investigate DC grids with up to 8 converter stations in sym. monopole or up to 4 converter stations in bipolar configuration

DC-line models



Source: www.offshore-technology.com

- 32x Pi-Line models
- Up to 800 km in bipolar grid configuration
- Up to 1,600 km in monopolar grid configuration
- Different DC topologies can be represented with hardware components at laboratory scale

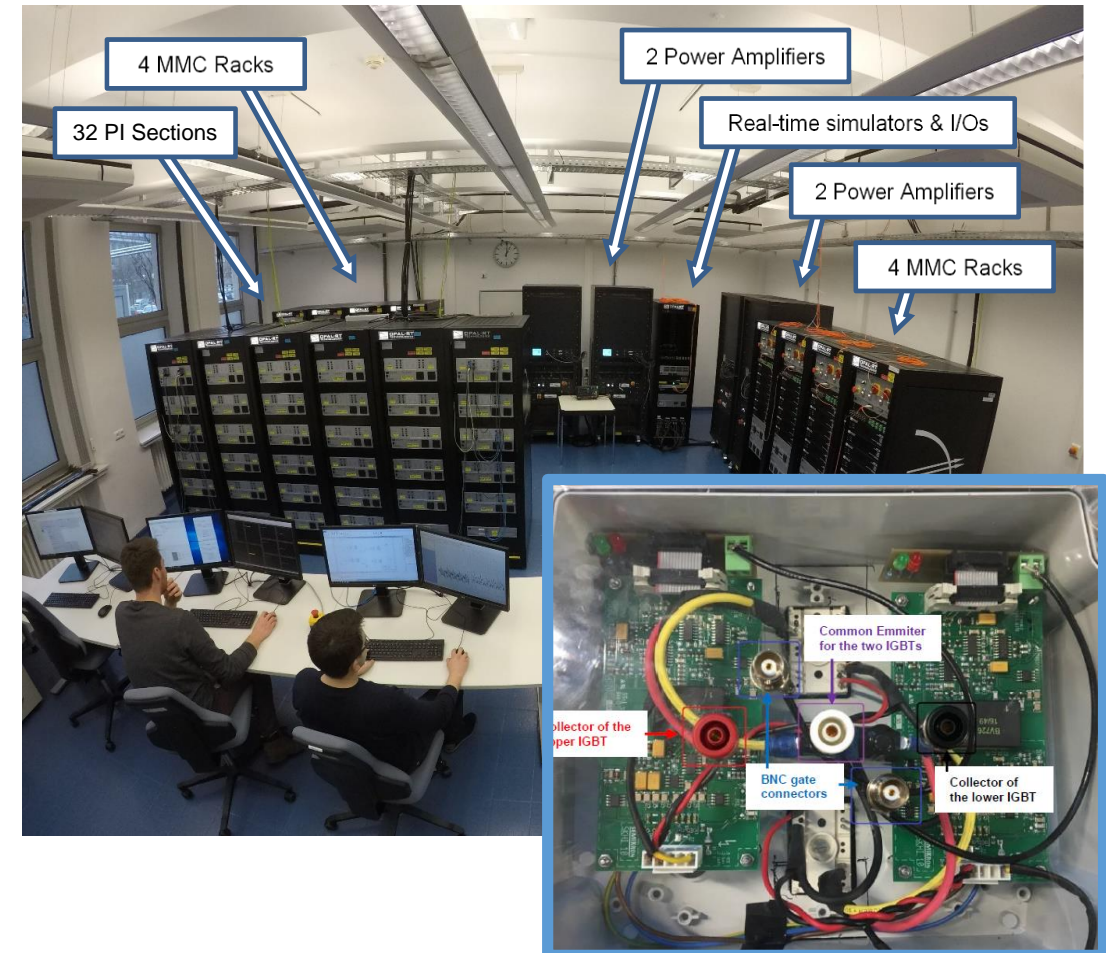
MMC Test Bench – Status Update

Achievements:

- ✓ Comparison between MMC Test Bench and Simulations
- ✓ Controller optimisation for similar dynamics of the demonstrator and full-scale simulations
- ✓ PHiL with (strong) transmission grids and wind power plant
- ✓ Impedance Measurements in grid following operation
- ✓ KTH Breaker tested

Next Steps:

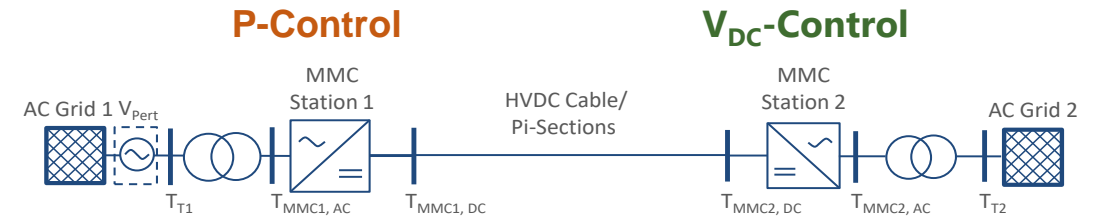
- Integration of KTH small-scale HVDC Breaker
- Investigation of PHiL methods for OWP in grid forming control
- Impedance measurement of the MMCs in grid forming control
- Protection of MTDC grids with full-bridge MMCs
- Upgrading PI-sections



Impedance Measurement

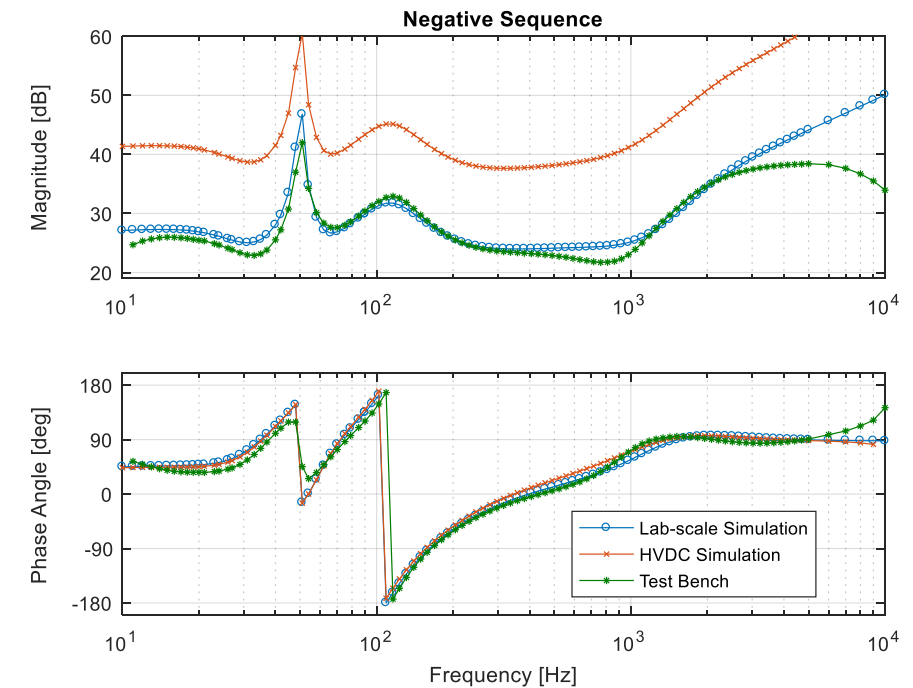
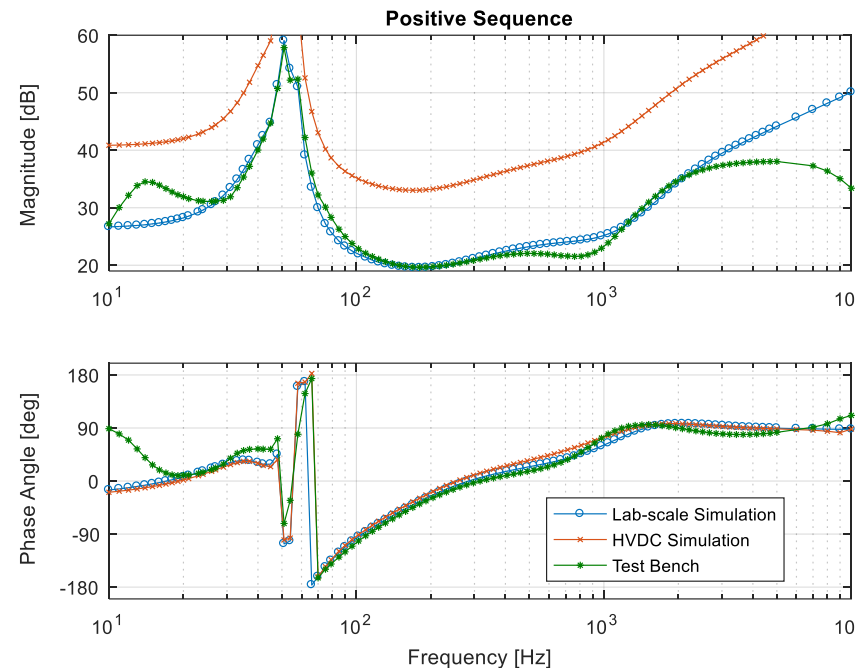
MMC Test Bench

- Logarithmic intervals ranging from 10 Hz to 1 kHz
- Comparison between simulation and the MMC Test Bench
- Scaling between full-scale and small-scale is not yet integrated in the figure

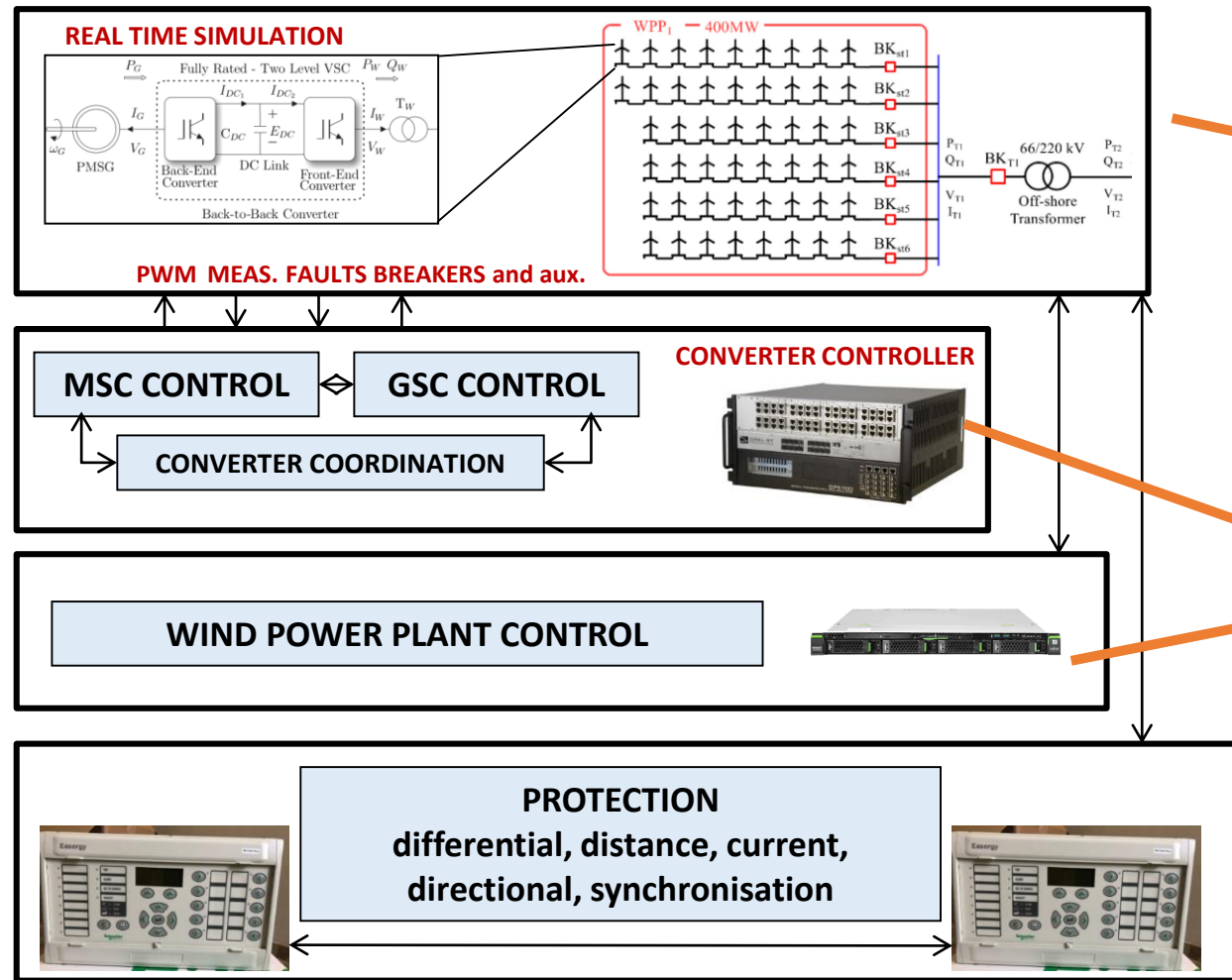


Set-point

- P-control mode
- $P_{ac}^* = 0.5$ p.u.
- $Q_{ac}^* = 0.0$ p.u.



DRU/OWP - CHiL



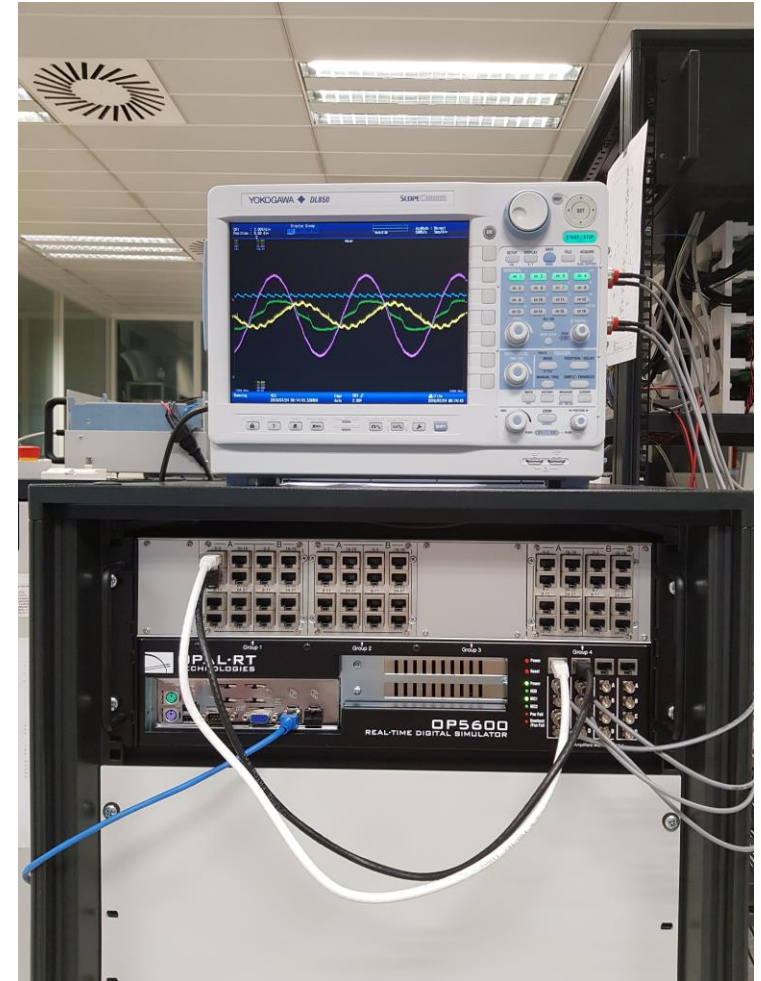
DRU/OWP - CHiL

Achievements:

- ✓ Implementation of DRU models and wind turbine controls from WP3 on real-time simulators (RTS)
- ✓ commercial protection relay integrated into CHiL system

Next Steps

- Programming of the commercial protection relay
- Investigation of the Black Start Capability of HVAC and DRU-Connected OWP



Harmonic Resonance Studies

Achievements:

- ✓ CHIL Wind Turbine Setup
- ✓ WT - CHIL Input Admittance Measurement and Validation Methodology Development
- ✓ Commissioning of WT CHIL test system
- ✓ “Online” Impedance Measurement Method
- ✓ MMC - CHIL Input Admittance Measurement and Validation Methodology Development of
- ✓ WT - PHIL Input Admittance Measurement and Validation Methodology Development of

Flexible Power Grid Lab @ DNV GL

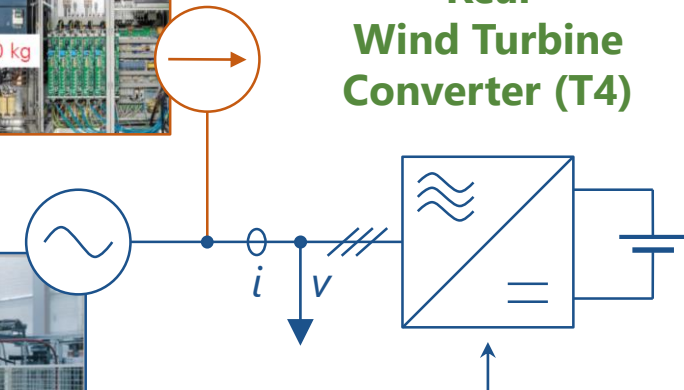
Harmonic injection
200 kW - PA



Real
Wind Turbine
Converter (T4)

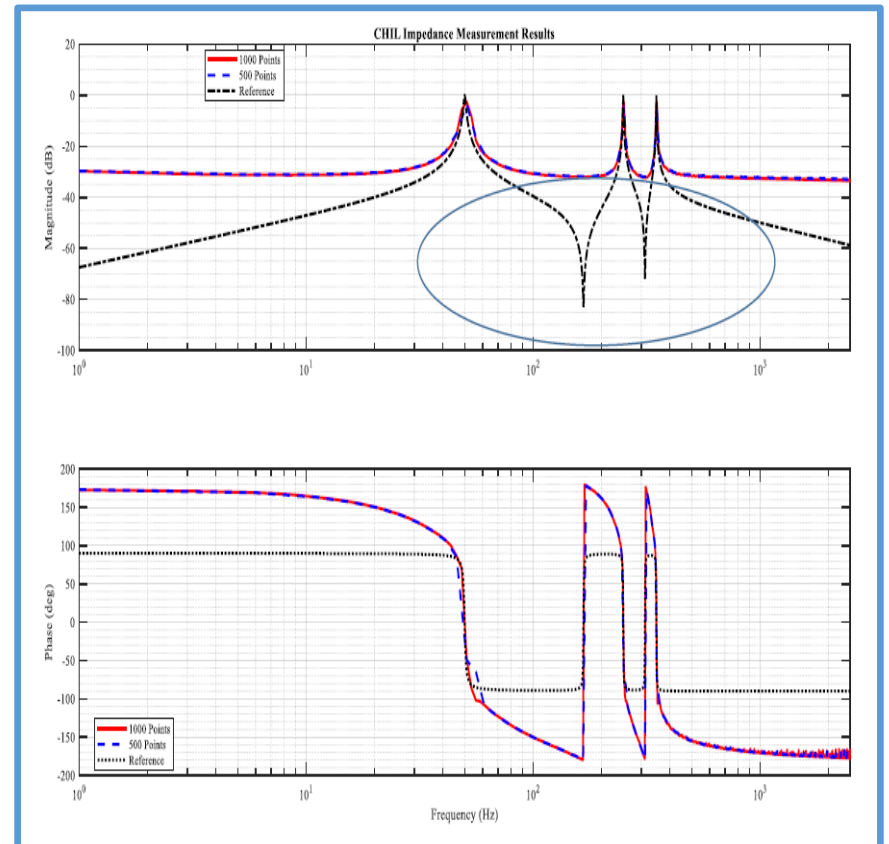



AC Grid Emulator



DUT (1 MW)

CHIL WTG – Input Admittance Measurement



Any Questions?



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APPENDIX

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PROMOTioN – Progress on Meshed HVDC Offshore Transmission Networks
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The opinions in this presentation are those of the author and do not commit in any way the European Commission

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